

#### SGPC'S GURU NANAK KHALSA COLLEGE OF ARTS SCIENCE & COMMERCE



# CHAAR SAHIBZADE MRI AND CT SCAN CENTRE

NAME	JAMILA KHATUN 59Y/F	REGISTRATION DATE TIME	-
AGE/GENDER	059Y / FEMALE	STUDY DATE TIME	17-OCT-2025 09:31
REGISTRATION ID	-	REPORT DATE TIME	17-OCT-2025 13:23
REF. BY	-	MODALITY	MR
PATIENT ID	13665	ACCN NO.	-

#### MRI Abdomen

### **History:**

Post hysterectomy and bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy status (for complex left ovarian cyst). Evaluation for metastasis.

## **Technique:**

Multiplanar, multisequence MRI of the abdomen performed with diffusion-weighted and post-contrast imaging.

# **Findings:**

#### Liver:

Few **T2** and **STIR** mildly hyperintense lesions are noted in the right lobe of liver, involving segments **V** and **VIII**, the largest measuring **16** × **12** mm.

These lesions demonstrate **restricted diffusion** and appear **hypointense on T1-weighted images**, suggestive of **metastatic deposits**.

No intrahepatic biliary radicle dilatation. Hepatic contour and size are maintained.

# Gallbladder and Biliary Tree:

Gallbladder appears normal. No cholelithiasis or wall thickening. Common bile duct is normal in caliber.

## Spleen, Pancreas, and Adrenals:

Spleen is normal in size and signal. Pancreas and both adrenal glands are unremarkable.

## **Kidneys and Retroperitoneum:**

Both kidneys appear normal in size and cortical thickness. No hydronephrosis or focal lesion.

Few **pre-aortic**, **para-aortic**, **and mesenteric lymph nodes** are seen, showing **restricted diffusion** and **mild T2 hyperintensity**, the largest measuring **24** × **16 mm**, likely representing **metastatic lymphadenopathy**. **Bowel and Mesentery:** 

Visualized bowel loops are normal in caliber and mural signal. No bowel wall thickening, obstruction, free fluid, or peritoneal nodularity.

## **Pelvis:**

Post hysterectomy and bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy status.

No residual or recurrent pelvic mass lesion, collection, or abnormal diffusion restriction.

#### **Bones and Soft Tissues:**

Visualized vertebrae and soft tissues show no focal enhancing lesion.

Incidentally noted STIR hyperintense signal with suspicious tiny erosions are seen in the left iliac bone,

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findings suspicious for metastatic involvement.

**STIR** hyperintense paraspinal edema/signal is noted in the bilateral lower lumbar paraspinal muscles; **MRI** lumbar spine with sacroiliac joints with contrast is suggested for further evaluation.

**Incidentally noted ill-defined STIR hyperintense edema** is seen in the **left perianal region at 4–6 o'clock position**, likely **inflammatory or infective**; **dedicated MRI pelvis or perianal region** is advised for further evaluation.

# **Impression:**

- Multiple mildly T2/STIR hyperintense lesions in the right hepatic lobe (segments V and VIII) with diffusion restriction — suspicious for hepatic metastatic deposits.
- Prominent pre-aortic, para-aortic, and mesenteric lymph nodes with restricted diffusion likely metastatic lymphadenopathy.
- Post hysterectomy and bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy status no pelvic recurrence or mass lesion.
- Incidentally noted STIR hyperintense signal with suspicious erosions in the left iliac bone likely early metastatic or inflammatory lesion suggest MRI with contrast.
- STIR hyperintense paraspinal edema/signal in bilateral lower lumbar paraspinal muscles —; MRI lumbar spine with SI joints with contrast recommended.
- Ill-defined STIR hyperintense edema in the left perianal region (4–6 o'clock position) suspicious for inflammatory/infective pathology; further evaluation advised.

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Dr Anmol Singh 17th Oct 2025